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Rehabilitation Protocol for Achilles Tendon Repair

This protocol is intended to guide clinicians and patients through the post-operative course for an Achilles tendon repair. Specific intervention should be based on the needs of the individual and should consider exam findings and clinical decision making. If you have questions, contact the referring physician.

Considerations for the Post-operative Achilles tendon repair program

Many different factors influence the post-operative Achilles tendon rehabilitation outcomes, including type and location of the Achilles tear and repair. Consider taking a more conservative approach to range of motion, weight bearing, and rehab progression with tendon augmentation, re-rupture after non-surgical management, revision, chronic tendinosis, and co-morbidities, for example, obesity, older age, and steroid use. It is recommended that clinicians collaborate closely with the referring physician regarding intra-operative findings and satisfaction with the strength of the repair.

Post-operative considerations

If you develop a fever, intense calf pain, uncontrolled pain or any other symptoms you have concerns about you should call your doctor.

Rehabilitation	Protect repair
Goals	Minimize muscle atrophy in the quads, hamstrings, and glutes
Weight Bearing	Walking
	Non-weight bearing on crutches
	• When climbing stairs, make sure you are leading with the non-surgical side when going up the stairs, make sure you are leading with the crutches and surgical side when going down the stairs
Intervention	Range of motion/Mobility
	Supine passive hamstring stretch
	Strengthening
	• <u>Quad sets</u>
	• NMES high intensity (2500 Hz, 75 bursts) supine knee extended 10 sec/50 sec, 10 contractions, 2x/wk during sessions—use of clinical stimulator during session, consider home units distributed immediate post op
	<u>Straight leg raise</u>
	 **Do not perform straight leg raise if you have a knee extension lag (with brace/cast removed)
	<u>Hip abduction</u>
	<u>Prone hamstring curls</u>
Criteria to	• Pain < 5/10
Progress	

PHASE I: IMMEDIATE POST-OP (0-2 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

PHASE II: INTERMEDIATE POST-OP (3-6 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation	Continue to protect repair
Goals	Avoid over-elongation of the Achilles
	Reduce pain, minimize swelling
	Improve scar mobility
	Restore ankle plantar flexion, inversion, and eversion
	Dorsiflexion to neutral
Weight Bearing	Walking
	Partial-weight bearing on crutches in a boot

	Gradually wean heel lift: start with 3 wedges, removing one per week
Additional	Range of motion/Mobility
Intervention	• PROM/AAROM/AROM: ankle dorsiflexion**, plantar flexion, inversion, eversion, ankle circles
*Continue with	 **do not dorsiflex ankle beyond neutral/0 degrees
Phase I	Cardio
interventions	Upper body ergometer
	Strengthening
	• Lumbopelvic strengthening: sidelying hip external rotation-clamshell, plank
	Balance/proprioception
	Joint position re-training
Criteria to	• Pain < 3/10
Progress	• Minimal swelling (recommend water displacement volumetry or circumference measures like
	Figure 8)
	• Full ROM PF, eversion, inversion
	• DF to neutral

PHASE III: LATE POST-OP (7-8 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

	Continue to protect repair						
oals •	Avoid over-elongation of the Achilles						
•	Normalize gait						
•	Restore full range of motion						
•	Safely progress strengthening						
•	Promote proper movement patterns						
•	Avoid post exercise pain/swelling						
Veight Bearing •	Weight bearing as tolerated in boot without lift						
Additional Ra	ange of motion/Mobility						
ntervention •	Gentle <u>long-sitting gastroc stretch</u> as indicated						
<i>Continue with</i> •	Gentle stretching all muscle groups: <u>prone quad stretch</u> , <u>standing quad stretch</u> , <u>kneeling hip</u>						
Phase I-II	<u>flexor stretch</u>						
nterventions •	Ankle/foot mobilizations (talocrural, subtalar, and midfoot) as indicated						
Ca	urdio						
•	<u>Stationary bicycle</u> , flutter kick swimming/pool jogging (with full healing of incision)						
St	rengthening						
•	<u>4 way ankle</u>						
•	Short foot						
•	Lumbopelvic strengthening: <u>bridges on physioball</u> , <u>bridge on physioball with roll-in</u> , <u>bridge on</u> physioball alternating						
•	Gym equipment: hip abductor and adductor machine, hip extension machine, roman chair						
	Progress intensity (strength) and duration (endurance) of exercises						
Bo	alance/proprioception						
•	Double limb standing balance utilizing uneven surface (wobble board)						
•	Single limb balance progress to uneven surface including perturbation training						
Criteria to •	No swelling/pain after exercise						
• Progress	Normal gait in a standard shoe						
•	ROM equal to contra lateral side						
•	Joint position sense symmetrical (<5 degree margin of error)						

PHASE IV: TRANSITIONAL (9-12 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation	Maintain full ROM
Goals	Normalize gait
	Avoid over-elongation of the Achilles
	Safely progress strengthening
	Promote proper movement patterns
	Avoid post exercise pain/swelling

Weight Bearing	Weight bearing as tolerated
Additional	Range of motion/Mobility
Intervention	Gentle <u>standing gastroc stretch</u> and <u>soleus stretch</u> as indicated
*Continue with	Strengthening
Phase I-III	<u>Calf raises</u> concentric
interventions	<u>Knee Exercises</u> for additional exercises and descriptions
	• Gym equipment: <u>seated hamstring curl machine</u> and <u>hamstring curl machine</u> , <u>leg press machine</u>
	<u>Romanian deadlift</u>
Criteria to	No swelling/pain after exercise
Progress	Full ROM during concentric calf raise
	Normal gait

PHASE V: ADVANCED POST-OP (3-5 MONTHS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation	Safely progress strengthening
Goals	Promote proper movement patterns
	Avoid post exercise pain/swelling
Additional	Cardio
Intervention	Elliptical, stair climber
*Continue with	Range of motion/Mobility
Phase II-IV	• <u>Standing gastroc stretch</u> and <u>soleus stretch</u> as indicated
interventions	Strengthening
	<u>Calf raises</u> eccentric
	<u>Seated calf machine</u>
	• **The following exercises to focus on proper control with emphasis on good proximal
	stability
	• <u>Squat to chair</u>
	• <u>Hip hike</u>
	<u>Lateral lunges</u>
	• Single leg progression: <u>partial weight bearing single leg press</u> , slide board lunges: <u>retro</u> and
	lateral, step ups and step ups with march, lateral step-ups, step downs, single leg squats, single
	leg wall slides
Criteria to	No swelling/pain after exercise
Progress	Standing Heel Rise test
	No swelling/pain with 30 minutes of fast pace walking
	<u>Achilles Tendon Rupture Score (ATRS)</u>
	<u>Psych Readiness to Return to Sport (PRRS)</u>

PHASE VI: EARLY to UNRESTRICTED RETURN TO SPORT (6+ MONTHS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation	Continue strengthening and proprioceptive exercises
Goals	Safely initiate sport specific training program
	Symmetrical performance with sport specific drills
	Safely progress to full sport
Additional	Interval running program
Intervention	<u>Return to Running Program</u>
*Continue with	<u>Agility and Plyometric Program</u>
Phase II-V	
interventions	
Criteria to	Clearance from MD and ALL milestone criteria below have been met
Progress	Completion jog/run program without pain/swelling
	<u>Functional Assessment</u>
	 Standing Heel Rise test
	\circ ≥90% compared to contra lateral side
	Return-to-sport testing can be performed at MGH Sports Physical Therapy, if necessary

References

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Functional Assessment

Patient Name: Date of Surgery:			MRN:	MRN:			
			Surgeon:				
Concomitant Injuries/Proced	lures:						
			Operative Limb	Non-operative Limb	Limb Symmetry Index		
Range of motion (X-0-X)					-		
Pain (0-10)					-		
Standing Heel Rise test							
Hop Testing							
Single-leg Hop for D	Distance						
Triple Hop for Dista	ince						
Crossover Hop for I	Distance						
Vertical Jump							
Y-Balance Test							
Calculated 1 RM (single leg	press)						
Psych. Readiness to Return	to Sport (PR	RS)					
Ready to jog?	YES	NO	I				
Ready to return to sport?	YES	NO					

Examiner: _____

Recommendations: _____

Range of motion is recorded in X-0-X format: for example, if a patient has 6 degrees of hyperextension and 135 degrees of flexion, ROM would read: 6-0-135. If the patient does not achieve hyperextension, and is lacking full extension by 5 degrees, the ROM would simply read: 5-135.

Pain is recorded as an average value over the past 2 weeks, from 0-10. 0 is absolutely no pain, and 10 is the worst pain ever experienced.

Standing Heel Rise test is performed starting on a box with a 10 degree incline. Patient performs as many single leg heel raises as possible to a 30 beat per minute metronome. The test is terminated if the patient leans or pushes down on the table surface they are using to balance, the knee flexes, the plantar-flexion range of motion decreases by more than 50% of the starting range of motion, or the patient cannot keep up with the metronome/fatigues.

Hop testing is performed per standardized testing guidelines. The average of 3 trials is recorded to the nearest centimeter for each limb.

Return to Running Program

This program is designed as a guide for clinicians and patients through a progressive return-to-run program. Patients should demonstrate > 80% on the Functional Assessment prior to initiating this program (after a knee ligament or meniscus repair). Specific recommendations should be based on the needs of the individual and should consider clinical decision making. If you have questions, contact the referring physician.

PHASE I: WARM UP WALK 15 MINUTES, COOL DOWN WALK 10 MINUTES

Day	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Week 1	W5/J1x5		W5/J1x5		W4/J2x5		W4/J2x5
Week 2		W3/J3x5		W3/J3x5		W2/J4x5	
Week 3	W2/J4x5		W1/J5x5		W1/J5x5		Return to Run

Key: W=walk, J=jog

**Only progress if there is no pain or swelling during or after the run

PHASE II: WARM UP WALK 15 MINUTES, COOL DOWN WALK 10 MINUTES

Week	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
1	20 min		20 min		20 min		25 min
2		25 min		25 min		30 min	
3	30 min		30 min		35 min		35 min
4		35 min		40 min		40 min	
5	40 min		45 min		45 min		45 min
6		50 min		50 min		50 min	
7	55 min		55 min		55 min		60 min
8		60 min		60 min			

Recommendations

- Runs should occur on softer surfaces during Phase I
- Non-impact activity on off days
- Goal is to increase mileage and then increase pace; avoid increasing two variables at once
- 10% rule: no more than 10% increase in mileage per week

Agility and Plyometric Program

This program is designed as a guide for clinicians and patients through a progressive series of agility and plyometric exercises to promote successful return to sport and reduce injury risk. Patients should demonstrate > 80% on the Functional Assessment prior to initiating this program. Specific intervention should be based on the needs of the individual and should consider clinical decision making. If you have questions, contact the referring physician.

PHASE I: ANTERIOR PROGRESSION

Rehabilitation	Safely recondition the knee
Goals	Provide a logical sequence of progressive drills for pre-sports conditioning
Agility	Forward run
	Backward run
	Forward lean in to a run
	Forward run with 3-step deceleration
	• Figure 8 run
	Circle run
	• Ladder
Plyometrics	• Shuttle press: Double leg \rightarrow alternating leg \rightarrow single leg jumps
	• Double leg:
	• Jumps on to a box \rightarrow jump off of a box \rightarrow jumps on/off box
	 Forward jumps, forward jump to broad jump
	 Tuck jumps
	 Backward/forward hops over line/cone
	Single leg (these exercises are challenging and should be considered for more advanced
	athletes):
	 Progressive single leg jump tasks
	 Bounding run
	• Scissor jumps
	 Backward/forward hops over line/cone
Criteria to	No increase in pain or swelling
Progress	Pain-free during loading activities
	Demonstrates proper movement patterns

PHASE II: LATERAL PROGRESSION

Rehabilitation	Safely recondition the knee							
Goals	Provide a logical sequence of progressive drills for the Level 1 sport athlete							
Agility	Side shuffle							
*Continue with	• Carioca							
Phase I	Crossover steps							
interventions	• Shuttle run							
	• Zig-zag run							
	• Ladder							
Plyometrics	Double leg:							
*Continue with	 Lateral jumps over line/cone 							
Phase I	 Lateral tuck jumps over cone 							
interventions	• Single leg(these exercises are challenging and should be considered for more advanced							
	athletes):							
	 Lateral jumps over line/cone 							
	 Lateral jumps with sport cord 							
Criteria to	No increase in pain or swelling							
Progress	Pain-free during loading activities							
	Demonstrates proper movement patterns							

PHASE III: MULTI-PLANAR PROGRESSION

Rehabilitation Goals	Challenge the Level 1 sport athlete in preparation for final clearance for return to sport
Agility *Continue with Phase I-II interventions	 Box drill Star drill Side shuffle with hurdles
Plyometrics *Continue with Phase I-II interventions	 Box jumps with quick change of direction 90 and 180 degree jumps
Criteria to Progress	 Clearance from MD <u>Functional Assessment</u> ≥90% contralateral side <u>Achilles Tendon Rupture Score (ATRS)</u> <u>Psych Readiness to Return to Sport (PRRS)</u>

ATRS

(Achilles Tendon Total Rupture Score)

All questions refer to your limitations/difficulties related to your injured Achilles tendon.

Mark w	ith an	X in tl	ne box	whie	h mato	ches yo	our le	vel of li	mitati	on!
1. A calf/Ach	-			due	to d	ecreas	sed	strengt	h in	the
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2. A tendon/i		ou lin	nited	due	to fa	tigue	in	the ca	lf/Ach	illes
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
3. A tendon/i	-	ou lim	nited	due	to sti	ffness	in	the ca	lf/Ach	illes
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
4. A:	re you	limite	ed due	to pa	in in t	the cal	f/Acł	nilles te	endon/f	foot?
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
5. A:	re you	limite	ed dur	ing ao	ctivitie	es of da	aily l	iving?		
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Al	-			•				/difficu endon	lties	
Mark w	ith an	X in t	he box	x whic	h mat	ches ye	our le	evel of l	imitat	ion!
6. A:	re you	limite	ed whe	en wa	lking (on une	even	surface	$\mathbf{s}?$	
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
7. Ar	re you l	imited	l when	walk	ing qu	ickly u	p the	stairs o	or up a	hill?
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

 $\mathbf{2}$ $\mathbf{5}$ 8. Are you limited during activities that include running? $\mathbf{2}$ $\mathbf{5}$

9. Ar	e you	limite	ed dur	ing ac	etivitie	es that	: inclu	de jur	nping	2
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
10. Ar	e you	limite	ed in p	perform	ming ł	nard p	hysica	al labo	r?	
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Total Score:

Nilsson-Helander K, Thomee R, et al. The Achilles Tendon Total Rupture Score (ATRS): Development and Validation. AJSM. 2007. 35 (3): 421-426.

Psychological Readiness to Return to Sport

Patien	t Name: MRN:
Surger	y: Date of Surgery:
Surgeo	on:
Please Examp	rate your confidence to return to your sport on a scale from 0 – 100 le: 0 = No confidence at all 50 = Moderate confidence 100 = Complete confidence
1.	My overall confidence to play is
2.	My confidence to play without pain is
3.	My confidence to give 100% effort is
4.	My confidence to not concentrate on the injury is
5.	My confidence in the injured body part to handle demands of the situation is
6.	My confidence in my skill level/ability is
	Total:
	Score:
Examir	ner: